

## 1.5 Commitments and Admissions through the Criminal Justice System

Special provisions apply to individuals committed or admitted for mental health or substance abuse treatment through the criminal justice system. These include those automatically committed after being found not guilty by reason of insanity (“NGRI”) and those charged with a crime and found incapable of proceeding. Commitments for defendants who are incapable are subdivided into two categories depending on whether the crime charged is a violent crime. These commitments are commonly known as “Involuntary Incapable” when the underlying crime is a non-violent crime or “House Bill 95” when the underlying crime is a violent crime. Specific provisions apply as well for the commitment and admission of inmates and parolees. For a further discussion of commitment and admissions through the criminal justice system, see *infra* Chapters 7, 8, and 9.